

Resolution 25-038 Erie Town Center Restated DDA

TOEURA Board of Commissioners

Julian Jacquin, Director of Economic Development & TOEURA Lockie Woods, URA & Development Accounting Analyst Sarah Nurmela, Planning & Development Director

December 9, 2025



Presentation Overview

- Erie Town Center
- Validated Financial Gap
- Restated DDA
- Return on Investment (ROI)
- Recommendation



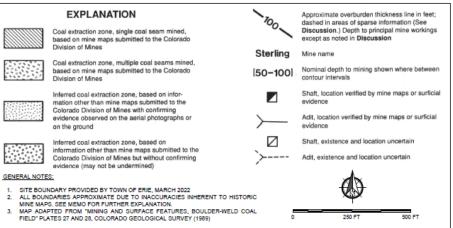
Erie Town Center





Erie Town Center





REGENCY COAL MINE

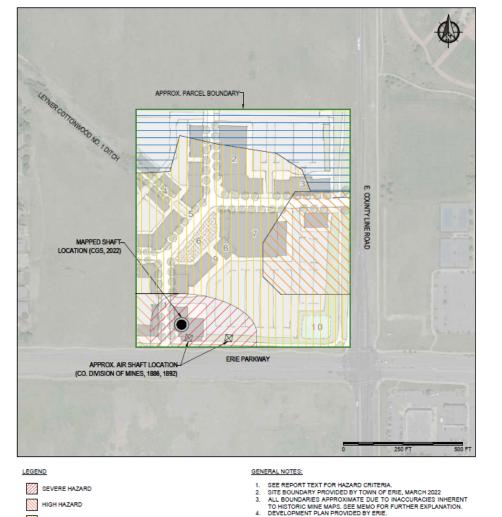
SUBSIDENCE EVALUATION

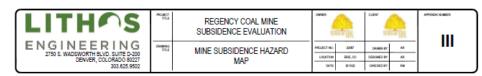
MINING AND SURFACE

FEATURES

ERE,CO

2750 S. WADSWORTH BLVD. SUITE D-200 DENVER, COLORADO 80227



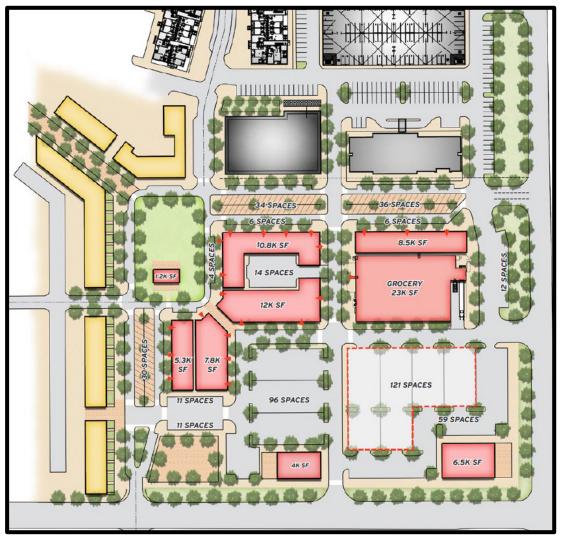


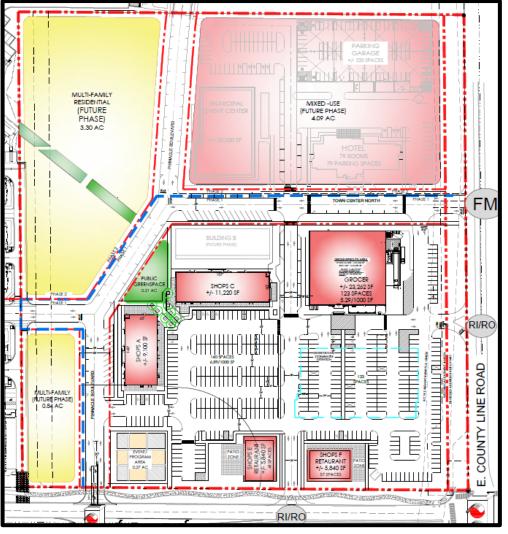
HIGH HAZARD MODERATE HAZARD

LOW HAZARD



Erie Town Center







Validated Financial Gap

Feasibility Gap Assumptions

Development Program

The Reviewers have evaluated this proposed development from the perspective of an open market. This analysis assumes that the proposed grocer and multi-tenant buildings are being developed as a for-lease product. Commercial pad sales are applied to the project's construction costs. The following chart compares the as-proposed development proforma assumptions with PDC's market-derived assumptions.

Assumptions	As Proposed	Market Estimate	Comments
Use Type		Estimate	
Residential Units	0	_	No Residential is being proposed.
Commercial Retail	23,262 SF	-	The Reviewers assume that commercial space will be leased to maximize NOI. Commercial leases are assumed NNN. Commercial Retail Space only
Commercial Office	20,320 SF	-	includes the Grocer, as the restaurant pads are expected to be sold during construction. Commercial office space includes the Multi-Tenant Buildings.
Commercial Component			
Commercial Retail Leasing Rates Per Square Foot	\$29.00 psf	\$25.00 psf	Evergreen is expected to construct and own the Grocery Store building as part of this development. Evergreen provided preliminary lease rates for this space. PDC analysed comparable retailers throughout the regional area. The market analysis found that Evergreen's proposed lease rates are higher than current market lease rates, especially those featuring larger properties. Newer neighborhood commercial retail properties command lease rates range between \$23-525 PSF NNN. However, Evergreen's arrangement with the Grocer may be able to justify higher rents. In fact, Erie's commercial retail rents are trending towards that of the Boulder market, suggesting that the developer's assumed lease rate is reasonable, albeit higher than the market. Given these factors, the reviewers estimate that this property would command an asking rent of \$29 PSF NNN. Reviewer's estimate is based on a comparison of commercial retail space leases and expenses in the market area. Assumes NNN leases.
Commercial Retail Operating Expenses	\$N/A	\$11.00 psf	Denver Metro area average operating expenses for commercial retail properties were used by the reviewers.
Commercial Office Leasing Rates Per Square Foot	\$40.00 psf	\$34.50 psf	Evergreen is expected to construct and own the multi-tenant buildings as part of this development. The multi-tenant buildings are expected to be used as office space, including medical offices and professional services. Evergreen provided preliminary lease rates for this space, POS analysed comparable multi-tenant office buildings throughout the regional area. The market analysis found that Evergreen's proposed lease rates are aligned with Boulder County averages, but higher

Financing Component Debt Loan: Cost Ratio 65% 55% - 70% The developer provided construction loan financing information as part of their pro forma and interviews. Permanent loan financing was not provided. Reviewers' assumptions are based on comparable commercial developments within the market area. Capitalization Rates Stabilized – Retail N/A 6.75% Economic and market conditions in Denver Metro and Boulder submarkets outperform national and west region average by Sasis points. Retail cap rates, especially for food service tenants, are forecast to remain stable in the coming years. Uiquidated – Retail N/A 7.50% Office ap rates are beginning to see signs of compression, although they remain higher in the local market area. Breginning to see signs of compression, although they remain higher in the local market area. The going in (stabilized) cap rate used in this Review reflects these market expectations. Typically, exit partes [at asset liquidation] are 50 to 150 basis points higher than going in rates. The review selects these market expectations. Typically, exit partes [at asset liquidation] are 50 to 150 basis points higher than going in rates. The review selects these market expectations. Typically, exit partes [at asset liquidation] are 50 to 150 basis points higher than going in rates. The review selects these market expectations. Typically, exit partes [at asset liquidation] are 50 to 150 basis points higher than going in rates. The review selects the sacety selects the sacety selects the surveys for retail office and the selection of	s e t	Commercial Office Operating Expenses	\$N/A	\$11.00 psf	than existing comps within Erie and within a 15-minute drive radius around the site. Boulder County's office leases of comparable properties average \$40.34 PSF NNN. Erie's office space market, by comparison, everages \$23.48 PSF NNN. The Reviewers' assume that this newer development can command lease rates similar to those within Boulder County but currently outside the Erie market area. Given these factors, the reviewers accept the developer's estimate that this property would command an asking rent of \$40.00 PSF NNN. Assumes NNN leases. Denver Metro area average operating expenses for commercial office properties were used by the reviewers.	
Loan: Cost Ratio 65% 55% - 70% The developer provided construction loan financing information as part of their pro forms and interviews. Permanent loan financing was not provided. Reviewed and interviews. Permanent loan financing was not provided. Reviewers' assumptions are based on comparable commercial developments within the market area. Capitalization Rates Stabilized – Retail N/A 6.75% Economic and market conditions in Denver Metro and Boulder submarkets outperform national and west region averable in the coming years. Liquidated – Retail N/A 7.50% Office cap rates are beginning to see signs of compression, although they remain higher in the local market area. The going-in fitabilized cap rate used in this Review reflects these market especiations. Typically, evit cap rates (at asset liquidation) are 50 to 150 basis points higher than going-in rates. The submarkets were submarkets the surveys for retail office commercial property increase for liquidated capitalization rates. Target Yield Target Yield Rate (IRR, Unlevered) N/A 9.25% to 10.25% Warket-based target yield rates are used to estimate the financial gap. These yield rates represent a blender ferturn based on market surveys for retail office commercial property investments. The NV is calculated using the blended pre-tax yield rate. This is the rate of increase that disconting retains the financial gap. These yield rates represent a blender ferturn based on market surveys for retail office commercial property investments. The NV is calculated using the blended pre-tax yield rate. This is the rate of interest that disconting retains and development spreads for specific uses. Net Present Value n/a > 0		Financing Component				Ш
Interest Rate 7.50% 7.50% 7.50% and interviews. Permanent loan financing was not provided. Reviewers' assumptions are based on comparable commercial developments within the market area. Capitalization Rates Stabilized – Retail N/A 6.75% Economic and market conditions in Denver Metro and Boulder submarkets outperform national and west region areging by "25 basis points. Retail cap rates, especially for food service tenants, are forecast to remain stable in the coming years. Office cap rates are beginning to see signs of compression, although they remain higher in the local market area. The going-in (stabilized) cap rate used in this Review reflects these market expectations. Typically, exit cap rates (at asset liquidated – Office N/A 8.25% increase for liquidated capitalization rates. Target Yield Target Yield Yield Rate (IRR, Unlevered) N/A 9.25% to 10.25% increase for liquidated capitalization rates. Return on Cost n/a 8.75% to 9.50% Net Present Value n/a > 0		Debt				Ш
Interest Rate 7.50% 7.50% and interviews. Permanent loan financing was not provided. Reviewers' assumptions are based on comparable commercial developments within the market area. Capitalization Rates Stabilized – Retail N/A 6.75% Economic and market conditions in Denver Metro and Boulder submarkets outperform national and west region averages by "25 basis points. Retail cap rates, especially for food service tenants, are forecast to remain stable in the coming years. Office cap rates expectations. The going in (tabilized) cap rate used in this Review reflects these market expectations. The going in (tabilized) cap rate used in this Review reflects these market expectations. The going in (tabilized) cap rate used in this Review reflects these market expectations. The going in classification are 50 to 150 basis points higher than going-in rates. The reviewers used a 75-basis point increase for liquidated – Office Parameters. Target Yield Target Yield Yield Rate (IRR, Unlevered) N/A 9.25% to 10.25% Market-based target yield rates are used to estimate the financial gap. These yield rates represent a biend return based on market surveys for retail office commercial property investments. The NPV is calculated using the blended pre-tax yield rates are used to return the property investments. The NPV is calculated using the blended pre-tax yield rates are flows rescribed on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is exactly qual to the original equity investments. Return on Cost, or yield on cost, is based on current capitalization rates and development spreads for specific uses.		Loan: Cost Ratio	65%	55% - 70%		Ш
Amortization N/A 20-30 Years market area. Capitalization Rates Stabilized – Retail N/A 6.75% Economic and market conditions in Denver Metro and Boulder submarkets outperform national and west region averages by "25 basis points. Retail cap rates, especially for food service tenants, are forecast to remain stable in the coming years. Office ap rates are beginning to see signs of compression, although they remain higher in the local market area. The going in (stabilized) cap rate used in the eleview reflects these market expectations. Typically, exit cap rates (at asset liquidation) are 50 to 150 basis points higher than going in rates. The reviewers used a 75-basis point increase for liquidated capitalization rates. Return on Investment Metrics Target Yield Yield Rate (IRR, Unlevered) N/A 9.25% to 10.25% Return on Cost n/a 8.75% to 9.50% Net Present Value n/a > 0	ı	Interest Rate	7.50%	7.50%	and interviews. Permanent loan financing was not provided. Reviewers' assumptions are based on	
Stabilized – Retail N/A 6.75% Economic and market conditions in Denver Metro and Boulder submarkets outperform national and west region aregies by "25 basis points. Retail cap rates, especially for food service tenants, are forecast to remain stable in the coming years. Liquidated – Retail N/A 7.50% Office cap rates are beginning to see signs of compression, although they remain higher in the local market are reflects these market expectations. Typically, edit cap rates (at asset liquidation) are 50 to 150 basis points higher than going-in rates. Typically, edit cap rates (at asset liquidated – Office N/A 8.25% increase for liquidated capitalization rates. Return on Investment Metrics Target Yield Market-based target yield rates are used to estimate the financial gap. These yield rates represent a blended return based on market surveys for retail office commercial property investments. The NPV is calculated using the blended pre-tax yield rates are found in unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended yield rates and development spreads for specific uses. Net Present Value n/a > 0		Amortization	N/A	20-30 Years		
Stabilized – Retail N/A 6.75% and Boulder submarkets outperform national and west region averages by "25 basis points. Retail cap rates, especially for food service tenants, are forecast to remain stable in the coming years. Office cap rates englining to see signs of compression, although they remain higher in the local market are beginning to see signs of compression, although they remain higher in the local market are reflects these market expectations. The going in (tabilities) cap rate used in this Review reflects these market expectations. Typically, exit cap rates (at asset liquidated – Office N/A 8.25% increase for liquidated aprialization rates. The reviewers used a 25-basis point increase for liquidated capitalization rates. Target Yield Target Yield Rate (IRR, Unlevered) Yield Rate (IRR, Unlevered) N/A 9.25% to 10.25% increase for liquidated capitalization rates of interest that did return based on market surveys for retail office on mark		Capitalization Rates				П
Liquidated – Retail N/A 7.50% office cap rates are beginning to see signs of compression, although they remain higher in the local market area. The going-in (stabilised) cap rate used in this Review reflects these market expectations. Typically, exit cap rates (at asset liquidated – Office N/A 7.50% expectations. Typically, exit cap rates (at asset liquidated – Office N/A 8.25% increase for liquidated capitalization rates. Target Yield Market-based target yield rates are used to estimate the financial gap. These yield rates represent a blended return based on market surveys for retail property investments. The NPV is calculated using the blended pre-tax yield rate. This is the rate of interest that discounts pre-tax capital flows received on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is expended on the present value.		Stabilized – Retail	N/A	6.75%	and Boulder submarkets outperform national and west region averages by ~25 basis points. Retail	
Stabilized – Office N/A 7.50% espectations. Typically, evit cap rates (at asset liquidation) are 50 to 150 basis points higher than going in rates. The reviewers used a 75-basis point increase for liquidated capitalization rates. Return on Investment Metrics Target Yield Target Yield Tinget Yield Rate (IRR, Unlevered) N/A 9.25% to 10.25% to 10.25% investments. The NPV is calculated using the blended pre-tax yield rate. This is the rate of interest that differs commercial flows received on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is explored to a received on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is explored to a received on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is explored to 9.50% for 9.50% investment. Return on Cost, or yield on cost, is based on current capitalization rates and development spreads for specific uses.		Liquidated – Retail	N/A	7.50%	forecast to remain stable in the coming years. Office cap rates are beginning to see signs of compression, although they remain higher in the local market area. The going-in (stabilized) cap	
Liquidated – Office N/A 8.25% increase for liquidated capitalization rates. Return on Investment Metrics Market-based target yield rates are used to estimate the financial gap. These yield rates represent a blended return based on market surveys for retail office commercial property investments. The NPV is calculated using the blended pre-tax yield rate. This is the rate of interest that counts pre-tax cash flows received on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is exployed, equal to the original equity investment. Return on Cost, or yield on cost, is based on current capitalization rates and development spreads for specific uses. Net Present Value n/a > 0		Stabilized – Office	N/A	7.50%	expectations. Typically, exit cap rates (at asset liquidation) are 50 to 150 basis points higher than	
Target Yield Target Yield Target Yield Target Yield Aste (IRR, Indeed to get yield rates are used to estimate the financial gap. These yield rates represent a blended retenur based on market surveys for retail office commercial property investments. The NPV is calculated using the blended pre-tile rate. This is the rate of interest that discounts pre-tax cash flows received on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is exply equal to the original equity investment. Return on Cost or, or yield on cost, is based on current capitalization rates and development spreads for specific uses. Net Present Value n/a > 0			•	8.25%		Ш
Target Yield Target Yield sestimate the financial gap. These yield rates represent a blended return based on market surveys for retail office commercial property investments. The NPV is calculated using the blended pre-tax cash flows received on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is exactly equal to the original equity investment. Return on Cost n/a 8.75% to 9.50% Return on Cost n/a 8.75% to 9.50% Net Present Value n/a > 0		Return on Investment Me	trics			Ш
Yield Rate (IRR, Unlevered) 9.25% to 10.25% blended pre-tax yield rate. This is the rate of interest that discounts pre-tax cash flows received on an unlevered investment back to a present value that is exactly equal to the original equity investment. Return on Cost n/a 8.75% to 9.50% based on current capitalization rates and development spreads for specific uses. Net Present Value n/a > 0		Target Yield			estimate the financial gap. These yield rates represent a blended return based on market surveys for retail office commercial property	
Return on Cost n/a 8.75% to 9.50% based on current capitalization rates and development spreads for specific uses. Net Present Value n/a > 0			n/a	9.25% to 10.25%	blended pre-tax yield rate. This is the rate of interest that discounts pre-tax cash flows received on an unlevered investment back to a present	
7-		Return on Cost	n/a	8.75% to 9.50%	investment. Return on Cost, or yield on cost, is based on current capitalization rates and	
Development Cost		Net Present Value	n/a	>0		
		Development Cost				

Land Purchase Cost	\$0	\$0	The Reviewers assume that the Town has agreed to convey the land required for Phase 1 to the developer. Land outside Phase 1 is not considered by this analysis.
Public Infrastructure Cost	\$7,646,348	\$7,646,348	The Reviewers assume the developer's public infrastructure costs are accurate. Reviewer's interviewed development team and reviewed cost estimations. Public infrastructure costs include new public streets (Town Center and Pinnacle) and off-site stormwater and roadway improvement to East County Line Road and Eric Parkway Reviewer's also interviewed Eric Four Corner developers to confirm and check cost estimates Cost also included undergrounding major irrigation ditch running through site. Costs include 15% contingency.
Mine Mitigation Costs	\$4,443,011	\$4,443,011	Mine mitigation costs were provided by develope and their engineering consultants. A Phase I environmental study performed by Lithor Engineering originally estimated mitigation costs 4300,000 per acre. Phase II 'mine mitigation cost equate to "5635,000 per acre. Reviewers accept his increase as reasonable given Phase II slocation over the high to severely impacted mine subsidence somes on the property.
Site Work	\$7,788,135	\$7,788,135	Reviewers interviewed development tear regarding site work costs. Confirmed that off-site and public infrastructure costs were not double counted. Site work costs appear high, but are validated by engineering estimates. Reviewers fine these costs reasonable.
Soft and Hard Cost	\$20,805,171	\$19,000,000	Reviewers used cost approximation tables an construction cost indexes to evaluate th development's soft and hard costs. Building improvement costs provided by the develop were lower than reviewers approximations. Soft costs, however, were higher than typics approximations. This may be due to higher raw water and tap fees, in addition to the Town's impact fees. Financing cost were reasonable.
Development Cost	\$40,682,665	\$38,877,494	The Reviewer's estimated development cost in based on the project concept as understood by the Reviewer using cost guide approximations. The Developer's estimated development costs are heavily impacted by horizontal infrastructure costs mine mitigation costs, off-site road an stormwater improvement, undergrounding a large irrigation ditch, and relatively high water sewer and impact fees. The Reviewer's cost estimate is within 10% of the Developer's cost estimate, meaning that these costs are deemed reasonable.
Land Sales	\$3,281,775	\$3,281,775	Evergreen provided land sales estimates based or a 540 PSF price for two commercial pads. These pads will feature additional commercial retail use not considered by this study. Reviewers found these pad sales higher than market average (Comparable propertier recently sold pads at 252 PSF). The developer's estimate was applied to the total development cost when evaluating the project's feasibility.
Land Sales	\$3,281,775	\$3,281,775	reasonable. Evergreen provided la a \$40 PSF price for to pads will feature addit not considered by the these pad sales high (Comparable propertie PSF). The developer's total development of the page

Source: CoStar, IRR. RERC, Realtyrates.com; RS Means; Zillow; CBRE, DMCAR: NAR, Commercial Real Estate Finance Co. of America, CommercialLoanDirect.com, Integra Realty Resources, Hoyt Advisory Services; NMHC/NAA; U.S. Census Bureau; RealPage, fixr.com, Statists: Denver, Fannie Mae, EV Studio, ARGUS College, Plonear Development Company.



Validated Financial Gap

Feasibility (Financial Gap) Summary											
ROI Indicator	Market Target GAP Funding Range ¹										
Estimated Gap (S	Estimated Gap (Stabilized Year) \$19,500,000 \$20,000,000 \$20,5										
Return-on-Cost	8.75% to 9.50%	8.39%	8.64%	8.89%							
IRR, Unlevered	9.25% to 10.25%	9.47%	9.83%	10.21%							
NPV	> \$0	-\$486,124 \$986,124 \$1,486,124									

Erie Town Center - Tax Revenue Forecast								
Revenue Sharing Agreements	Mill Levy/Rate %	Revenue Sharing %	URA Plan Mill/Rate					
Property Tax (All Entities)	113.249	67%	75.376					
Sales Tax (Town Only)	3.50%	92.9%	3.25%					

URA Tax Increment Financing Estimates ²	Gross	Net Present Value ³	Annual Average	Town of Erie
Total	\$26,900,000	\$9,900,000	\$1,036,000	\$807,000
Property Tax (67% TIF Share)	\$7,000,000	\$2,600,000	\$269,000	\$40,000
Sales Tax (3.25% Rate, Inflation Adj.)	\$19,900,000	\$7,300,000	\$767,000	\$767,000

GRAND TOTAL	\$26,900,000	\$9,900,000
GRAND TOTAL	<u>\$20,900,000</u>	<u> </u>



Validated Financial Gap

Connarios													
Scenario:													
Town Center Gap Funding Scenario: Long-Term Hold (\$20	0.0 Million in Gap Funding)												
PROJECT SUMMARY													
Property Summary			Construction Loan Summary										
Residential Units	0		Loan : Cost Ratio			65%							
Rentable SF	43,582		Contruction Loan Term (mos)			36							
Total Development Cost	\$37,400,890		Construction Interest Rate			7.50%							
Development Cost per Rentable Square Foot	\$858		Construction Loan Amount			\$24,310,579							
Construction Equity	\$13,090,312		Construct Loan Per RSF			\$558							
ConstructionDebt	\$24,310,579					*****							
	42-1020,075		Perm Loan Summary										
			Perm Loan : Value Ratio			65%							
Proforma			Perm Loan . Value katio Perm Loan Amount			\$13,953,779							
Year Stabilized	3		Perm Loan Amount Perm Loan Ammortization (yrs)			\$15,955,779							
year Stabilized Stabilized NOI	\$1,502,715		Perm Loan Ammortization (yrs) Perm Interest Rate			7.00%							
Stabilized Cap Rate	7.00%		Perm Loan Yearly Payment			\$1,114,018							
Stabilized Proforma Value	\$21,467,352		Perm Term			10							
Stabilized Value Per RSF	\$493		Perm Loan Balance			\$13,953,779							
Reversion Value	\$24,173,256		Loan Fees/Closing Costs			2.0%							
Reversion Cap Rate	7.75%		DSCR			1.3							
Growth Rate	3.00%		DSCR Loan Amount			\$16,513,347							
GAP FUNDING - applied to contruction equity	\$20,000,000		Feasibility Indicators (10 yr hold)			N	Narket Target Rate						
			Return on Cost*			8.64%	8.75% to 9.50%						
			RR on Project (unleveraged)			9.83%	9.25% to 10.25%						
			NPV			\$ 986,124							
						\$ 900,124							
			*Stabilized Year 3		ı	\$ 980,124							
		Ĺ				\$ 980,124							
		l				\$ 900,124							
OPERATING PROFORMA						3 900,124							
OPERATING PROFORMA Proforma Year		CONSTRUCT		2	3		5	6	7	8	9	10	
		l	*Stabilized Year 3	2			5	6	7	8	9	10	
Proforma Year		CONSTRUCT	*Stabilized Year 3	2			5	6	7	8	9	10	
Proforma Year Investment Construction Equity		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312)	*Stabilized Year 3	2			5	6	7	8	9	10	
Proforma Year Investment		CONSTRUCT	*Stabilized Year 3	2			5	6	7	8	9	10	
Proforma Year Investment Construction Equity Construction Debt		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579)	*Stabilized Year 3	2			5	6	7	8	9	10	
Proforma Year Investment Construction Equity Construction Debt		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579)	*Stabilized Year 3	2			5	6	7	8	9	10	
Proforma Year Investment Construction Equity Construction Debt Construction Cost		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579)	*Stabilized Year 3	\$1,074,792			51,568,966	\$1,616,035	7 \$1,664,516	\$1,714,451	9 \$1,765,885		
Proforma Year Investment Construction Equity Construction Debt Construction Cost Operating Income Net Income From Property Operations		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579) (37,400,890)	*Stabilized Year 3		3	4						\$1,818,861 \$0	\$1,87
Proforma Year Investment Construction Equity Construction Debt Construction Cost		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579) (37,400,890) \$0	*Stabilized Year 3 1	\$1,074,792	\$1,502,715	\$1,523,268	\$1,568,966	\$1,616,035 \$0	\$1,664,516	\$1,714,451 \$0	\$1,765,885 50	\$1,818,861 50	\$1,8
Proforma Year Investment Construction Equity Construction Debt Construction Cost Operating Income Net Income from Property Operations SAP Funding		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579) (37,400,890) \$0 \$20,000,000	*Stabilized Year 3 1	\$1,074,792 \$0	\$1,502,715 \$0	\$1,523,268 \$0	\$1,568,966 50	\$1,616,035 \$0	\$1,664,516 \$0	\$1,714,451 \$0	\$1,765,885 50	\$1,818,861 \$0	
Proforma Year Investment Construction Equity Construction Debt Construction Cost Operating Income Net Income from Property Operations SAP Funding		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579) (37,400,890) \$0 \$20,000,000	*Stabilized Year 3 1 1 1	\$1,074,792 \$0 \$1,074,792	\$1,502,715 \$0 \$1,502,715	\$1,523,268 \$0	\$1,568,966 50	\$1,616,035 \$0	\$1,664,516 \$0	\$1,714,451 \$0	\$1,765,885 50	\$1,818,861 \$0	\$1,8
Proforma Year Investment Construction Equity Construction Debt Construction Cost Operating Income Net Income from Property Operations GSAP Funding NOI (less) Construction Loan Interest Payment		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579) (37,400,890) \$0 \$20,000,000	*Stabilized Year 3 1 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,823,293)	\$1,074,792 \$0 \$1,074,792 (\$1,823,293)	\$1,502,715 \$0 \$1,502,715 (\$1,823,293)	\$1,523,268 \$0 \$1,523,268	\$1,568,966 \$0 \$1,568,966	\$1,616,035 50 \$1,616,035	\$1,664,516 50 \$1,664,516	\$1,714,451 \$0 \$1,714,451	\$1,765,885 50 \$1,765,885	\$1,818,861 \$0 \$1,818,861	\$1,8 \$1, 8
Proforma Year Investment Construction Equity Construction Debt Construction Cost Operating Income Net Income from Property Operations GAP Funding NOI (less) Construction Loan Interest Payment (less) Perm Loan Payments		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579) (37,400,890) \$0 \$20,000,000	*Stabilized Year 3 1 \$0 \$0 \$0 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018)	\$1,074,792 \$0 \$1,074,792 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018)	\$1,502,715 \$0 \$1,502,715 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018)	\$1,523,268 \$0	\$1,568,966 50	\$1,616,035 50 \$1,616,035	\$1,664,516 \$0 \$1,664,516 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,714,451 \$0 \$1,714,451 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,765,885 50 \$1,765,885 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,818,861 <i>\$0</i> \$1,818,861 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,8
Proforma Year Investment Construction Equity Construction Debt Construction Cost Operating Income Vet Income from Property Operations SAP Funding VOI Less) Construction Loan Interest Payment Less) Perm Loan Payments		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579) (37,400,890) 50 \$20,000,000 \$20,000,000	*Stabilized Year 3 1 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,823,293)	\$1,074,792 \$0 \$1,074,792 (\$1,823,293)	\$1,502,715 \$0 \$1,502,715 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018)	\$1,523,268 \$0 \$1,523,268 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,568,966 50 \$1,568,966 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,616,035 \$0 \$1,616,035 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,664,516 50 \$1,664,516	\$1,714,451 \$0 \$1,714,451	\$1,765,885 50 \$1,765,885	\$1,818,861 \$0 \$1,818,861	\$1,8 \$1, 1 (\$1,1
oroforma Year Investment Construction Equity Construction Debt Construction Cost Operating Income Let Income from Property Operations SAP Funding LIOI Less] Construction Loan Interest Payment Less] Perm Loan Payments		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579) (37,400,890) 50 \$20,000,000 \$20,000,000	*Stabilized Year 3 1 \$0 \$0 \$0 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018)	\$1,074,792 \$0 \$1,074,792 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018)	\$1,502,715 \$0 \$1,502,715 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018)	\$1,523,268 \$0 \$1,523,268 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,568,966 50 \$1,568,966 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,616,035 \$0 \$1,616,035 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,664,516 \$0 \$1,664,516 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,714,451 \$0 \$1,714,451 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,765,885 50 \$1,765,885 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,818,861 <i>\$0</i> \$1,818,861 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,8 \$1,1 (\$1,1
roforma Year rotorma Year rotor		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579) (37,400,890) 50 \$20,000,000 \$20,000,000	*Stabilized Year 3 1 \$0 \$0 \$0 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018) {\$2,937,311}	\$1,074,792 \$0 \$1,074,792 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018)	\$1,502,715 50 \$1,502,715 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018) (\$1,434,597)	\$1,523,268 \$0 \$1,523,268 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,568,966 50 \$1,568,966 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,616,035 \$0 \$1,616,035 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,664,516 \$0 \$1,664,516 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,714,451 \$0 \$1,714,451 (\$1,114,018) \$600,433	\$1,765,885 50 \$1,765,885 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,818,861 <i>\$0</i> \$1,818,861 (\$1,114,018)	\$1,1 \$1, (\$1,: \$7
Proforma Year Investment Construction Equity Construction Debt Construction Cost Operating Income Vet Income from Property Operations SAP Funding VOI Less) Construction Loan Interest Payment Less) Perm Loan Payments Operating Cash Flow Unleveraged Cash Flow (NET OF CONST GAP FUNDING)		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579) (37,400,890) \$0 \$20,000,000 \$20,000,000 \$20,000,000	*Stabilized Year 3 1 \$0 \$0 \$0 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018) {\$2,937,311}	\$1,074,792 \$0 \$1,074,792 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018) (\$1,862,520)	\$1,502,715 50 \$1,502,715 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018) (\$1,434,597)	\$1,523,268 50 \$1,523,268 (\$1,114,018) \$409,250	\$1,568,966 \$0 \$1,568,966 (\$1,114,018) \$454,948	\$1,616,035 \$0 \$1,616,035 (\$1,114,018) \$502,017	\$1,664,516 \$0 \$1,664,516 (\$1,114,018) \$550,498	\$1,714,451 \$0 \$1,714,451 (\$1,114,018) \$600,433	\$1,765,885 \$0 \$1,765,885 (\$1,114,018) \$651,867	\$1,818,861 \$0 \$1,818,861 (\$1,114,018) \$704,843	\$1,8 \$1, 1 (\$1,1
Proforma Year Investment Construction Equity Construction Debt Construction Cost Deparating Income Net Income from Property Operations SAP Funding HOI Less) Construction Loan Interest Payment Less) Perm Loan Payments Deparating Cash Flow Unleveraged Cash Flow (NET OF CONST GAP FUNDING) Rates of Return Analysis		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579) (37,400,890) \$0 \$20,000,000 \$20,000,000 \$20,000,000	*Stabilized Year 3 1 \$0 \$0 \$0 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018) {\$2,937,311}	\$1,074,792 \$0 \$1,074,792 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018) (\$1,862,520)	\$1,502,715 50 \$1,502,715 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018) (\$1,434,597)	\$1,523,268 50 \$1,523,268 (\$1,114,018) \$409,250	\$1,568,966 \$0 \$1,568,966 (\$1,114,018) \$454,948	\$1,616,035 \$0 \$1,616,035 (\$1,114,018) \$502,017	\$1,664,516 \$0 \$1,664,516 (\$1,114,018) \$550,498	\$1,714,451 \$0 \$1,714,451 (\$1,114,018) \$600,433	\$1,765,885 \$0 \$1,765,885 (\$1,114,018) \$651,867	\$1,818,861 \$0 \$1,818,861 (\$1,114,018) \$704,843	\$1,8 \$1,1 (\$1,1 \$7
Proforma Year Investment Construction Equity Construction Debt Construction Cost Operating Income Net Income from Property Operations SSAP Funding NOI (less) Construction Loan Interest Payment		CONSTRUCT (13,090,312) (24,310,579) (37,400,890) \$0 \$20,000,000 \$20,000,000 \$20,000,000 (\$17,400,890)	*Stabilized Year 3 1 \$0 \$0 \$0 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018) {\$2,937,311}	\$1,074,792 \$0 \$1,074,792 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018) (\$1,862,520)	\$1,502,715 50 \$1,502,715 (\$1,823,293) (\$1,114,018) (\$1,434,597)	\$1,523,268 50 \$1,523,268 (\$1,114,018) \$409,250	\$1,568,966 \$0 \$1,568,966 (\$1,114,018) \$454,948	\$1,616,035 \$0 \$1,616,035 (\$1,114,018) \$502,017	\$1,664,516 \$0 \$1,664,516 (\$1,114,018) \$550,498	\$1,714,451 \$0 \$1,714,451 (\$1,114,018) \$600,433	\$1,765,885 \$0 \$1,765,885 (\$1,114,018) \$651,867	\$1,818,861 \$0 \$1,818,861 (\$1,114,018) \$704,843 \$1,818,861	\$1,8 \$1,1 (\$1,1 \$7



Restated DDA

The restated DDA establishes three financial commitments for the Town and TOEURA to meet the financial gap for this project:

- **1. The Town** will fund the \$5.1M mine mitigation at Town Center utilizing COPs.
- 2. **TOEURA** will fund new URA Bonds or COP's using TIF revenues (property and sales tax) and PIF revenues generated by the development, which could yield a project fund of up to \$15.7M to support the validated financial gap, which "but for" the use of TIF, the development would not otherwise occur.
- 3. The Town will authorize up to an additional \$2.5M of public funding assistance for new public road improvements from the Transportation Impact Fund, only to be used if the URA Bonds or COP's funded by TOEURA yield a project fund of less than \$15.7M.



Restated DDA

Additional elements in the DDA:

- 1. The Town agrees to convey the land for Erie Town Center Phase 1 at no cost.
- 2. Evergreen will be permitted to provide a performance bond as a surety for the public improvements rather than the standard letter of credit required by the Town.
- 3. Evergreen will impose a 3% services PIF and 1% add-on sales PIF on the development to help pay for public improvements.
- 4. Any tax increment generated by future phases at Erie Town Center will be retained by TOEURA.
- 5. Total public reimbursements by the Town and TOEURA cannot exceed \$21.3M.



				Evergreen F	•	Town Counter	-
Land Costs	Base Costs	General Conditions	Contingency & Inflation	Evergreen Costs	Public Costs	Evergreen Costs	Public Costs
Land Acquisition	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,400,000
Closing Costs	\$ 20,000		\$ -	\$ 20,000		\$ 20,000	\$ 1,400,000
Closing Costs	φ 20,000	φ -	φ -	φ 20,000	φ -	φ 20,000	φ
Hard Costs							
Building Costs: Grocery							
- Grocery Building	\$ 5,969,960	\$ -	\$ 596,996	\$ 6,566,956	\$ -	\$ 6,566,956	\$ -
- Refrigeration Package - Equipment	\$ 404,497	\$ -	\$ 40,450	\$ 444,947	\$ -	\$ 444,947	\$ -
- Refrigeration Package - Install	\$ 567,738	\$ -	\$ 56,774	\$ 624,512	\$ -	\$ 624,512	\$ -
- Tenant Change Allowance	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$ 30,000	\$ -
Building Costs: Shops							
- Shops A Building	\$ 2,184,000	\$ 273,000	\$ 245,700	\$ 2,702,700	\$ -	\$ 2,702,700	\$ -
- Shops C Building	\$ 2,558,160	\$ 319,770	\$ 287,793	\$ 3,165,723	\$ -	\$ 3,165,723	\$ -
Tenant Improvement Allowances							
- Shops A	\$ 455,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 455,000	\$ -	\$ 455,000	\$ -
- Shops C	\$ 561,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 561,000	\$ -	\$ 561,000	\$ -
On-Site Costs							
- Parking, Drives, Hardscape	\$ 2,144,153	\$ 268,019	\$ 361,826	\$ -	\$ 2,773,998	\$ -	\$ 2,773,998
- Shops A & C, Grocery	\$ 713,846	\$ 89,231	\$ 120,462	\$ -	\$ 923,538	\$ -	\$ 923,538
- Export of Soil	\$ 725,217	\$ 90,652	\$ 122,380	\$ -	\$ 938,249	\$ -	\$ 938,249
- Shop F, Left & Right	\$ 323,456	\$ 40,432	\$ 54,583	\$ -	\$ 418,471	\$ -	\$ 418,471
- Wet Utilities Mains	\$ 1,462,240	\$ 182,780	\$ 246,753	\$ -	\$ 1,891,773	\$ -	\$ 1,891,773
- Wet Utilities Laterals	\$ 182,065	\$ 22,758	\$ 30,723	\$ -	\$ 235,547	\$ -	\$ 235,547
- Dry Utilities	\$ 751,032	\$ 93,879	\$ 126,737	\$ -	\$ 971,648	\$ -	\$ 971,648
- U/G Irrigation Ditch	\$ 465,480	\$ 58,185	\$ 78,550	\$ -	\$ 602,215	\$ -	\$ 602,215
- U/G Storm Water Pond - P1	\$ 1,032,460	\$ 129,058	\$ 174,228	\$ -	\$ 1,335,745	\$ -	\$ 1,335,745
- U/G Storm Water Pond - P2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	\$ 320,000	\$ -	\$ 48,000	\$ -	\$ 368,000	\$ 368,000	\$ -
- Signage / Project Branding							
Mine Mitigation Costs					A		A
- Site Work	\$ 4,231,439		\$ 634,716	\$ -	\$ 4,866,155	\$ -	\$ 4,866,155
- CTL Oversight	\$ 211,572	\$ -	\$ 31,736	\$ -	\$ 243,308	\$ -	\$ 243,308



								Evergreen	FIL	posat		Town Counter	FIU	J 05at
		Base Cost	ts	General Conditions	•	Contingency & Inflation	E۱	ergreen Costs		Public Costs	Eve	ergreen Costs	Pul	olic Costs
Off-Site Costs & Contributions														
- Pinnacle & Town Center	\$	1,012,561	\$	126,570	\$	170,870	\$	-	\$	1,310,001	\$	-	\$	1,310,001
- Pinnacle & Town Center Wet Utilities	\$	582,270	\$	72,784	\$	98,258	\$	_	\$	753,312	\$	-	\$	753,312
- Contribution: Erie Parkway Signal	\$	451,800	\$		\$	76,241	\$	_	\$	584,516	\$	-	\$	584,5 1 6
- Contribution: Electric Reinforcement	\$		\$,	\$	-	\$	_	\$	84,000	\$	_	\$	84,000
- Contribution: County Line Road	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	415,150	\$	_	\$	415,150
- Contribution: NG Reinforcement	\$	75,000			\$	11, 250	\$	_	\$	86,250	\$	_	\$	86,250
- Contribution. No helmoreement	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	`	Ψ	11,200	Ψ		Ψ	00,200	Ψ		Ψ	00,200
Soft Costs														
- A&E/Testing/Environmental	\$	1,376,893	\$	- 5	\$	206,534	\$	737,265	\$	846,162	\$	737,265	\$	846,162
- City & Utility Fees: Fire Dept. & Misc	\$		\$		\$	5,100	\$	39,100		-	\$	39,100		-
- City & Utility Fees: Water Tap & Fee-in-Lieu		•	\$		\$	179,003	\$			_	\$			1 ,372,356
- City & Utility Fees: Impact Fees	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	387,705	\$	387,705		-
- City & Utility Fees: Development Review Fees	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	7,880	\$	-	\$	7,880
- City & Utility Fees: Building Permit Fees	\$		\$		\$		\$	_	\$	165,908	\$	_	\$	165,908
- City & Utility Fees: Town of Erie Use Tax	\$		\$		Ψ \$		\$	-	\$	369,623	\$	-	\$	369,623
- Boulder County Use Tax	φ				φ \$	17,370	φ \$	46,526	\$	86,644	\$	133,171		-
	φ	-	Φ \$		φ \$		Φ \$			169,625	\$			-
- Dry Utility Costs	φ	,	*		φ \$	80,250	φ \$					615,250		-
- Bonds - Surety & Warranty	φ	,	\$			38,625		-	\$	296,128	\$	296,128		-
- Markets/Legal/Accounting/Taxes	\$,			\$	88,771	\$	680,578		-	\$	680,578		-
- Leasing Commissions: Shops	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	377,952		-	\$	377,952		-
- Leasing Commissions: Grocer	\$,	\$		\$	-	\$	512,133		-	\$	512,133		-
- Insurance	\$	1 93 ,1 43	\$		\$	-	\$	81,209	\$	111, 934	\$	193,143		-
- Development Fee	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
- CAM Loss	\$	304,800	\$	- (\$	-	\$	304,800	\$	-	\$	304,800	\$	-
Financing														
- Construction Loan Fees	\$				\$	-	\$	102,983		-	\$	102,983		-
- Lender Third Party Fees	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	40,000		-	\$	40,000		-
- Interest Reserve	\$	1, 345, 7 00	\$	- (\$	-	\$	1,345,700	\$	-	\$	1, 345,700	\$	-
GF Rebates (Net Neutral to Town)							\$	-	\$	(543,411)	\$	-	\$	(543,411)
								_				_		
								Evergreen		Public		Evergreen		Public
TOTAL COSTS							\$	20,657,064		20,700,074	\$	20,704,746	\$ 2	2,052,393
PERCENTAGE								49.95%		50.05%		48.42%		5 1. 58%
ROI								8.96%				8.94%		

Evergreen Proposal

Town Counter Proposal



URA Financing Comparison Estimated Rates as of October 7, 2025

Total Erie Costs	21,252,579
Less Mine Mitigation	5,109,463
Targeted Funding Need	16,143,116

	Scenar	io 1:
	Certificates of I	Participation
Financing Sources Summary		
Par Amount	\$17,500,000	
Premium	1,146,940	
Total Sources of Funds	\$18,646,940	
		Funding
Uses of Funds Summary		Shortfall
Project Fund	\$15,734,440	408,676
Capitalized Interest Fund	\$2,625,000	
Debt Service Reserve Fund	\$0	
Cost of Issuance	\$200,000	
Underwriter's Discount	87,500	
Total Use of Funds	\$18,646,940	
Finance Statistics		
Dated Date	12/1/2025	
Net Interest Cost	4.65%	
Maximum Annual Debt Service	\$1,512,000	
Total Debt Service	\$29,893,250	

Scenario 2:		
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds with Moral Obligation Pledge		
IVIOIA	i Obligation Pie	euge
\$17,500,000		
, 2 1 , 2 2 , 3 2 2		
\$17,500,000		
		Funding
		Shortfall
\$13,506,433		2,636,683
\$2,756,250		
\$764,817		
\$350,000		
122,500		
\$17,500,000		
12/1/2025		
5.28%		
\$1,529,633 \$30,178,333		
φ30,170,333		
Net Debt	Annual Excess	DCC-
		13

Annual Excess



Return on Investment (ROI)

- A new commercial district with grocery store, restaurants, and shops
- \$26.9M in total new tax revenue over 25 years
 - \$9.9M net present value of TIF revenues
- A project that covers its service costs and produces a surplus
- \$451,000 positive net fiscal impact during URA term
- \$859,000 annual surplus to the Town after incentives end
- \$40M in private construction investment
- About 250 new jobs created
- Unlocks hotel, parking structure, multifamily, and civic sites
- Converts an unproductive mine hazard into a revenue district
- Site currently generates zero revenue to the Town



Recommendation

- Staff recommends TOEURA approve Resolution 25-038, approving the Restated Disposition and Development Agreement for Erie Town Center.
- If approved, the Town Council will then consider Resolution 25-181 fully executing the Restated DDA.



Questions & Discussion

Julian Jacquin, Director of Economic Development & TOEURA Lockie Woods, URA & Development Accounting Analyst Sarah Nurmela, Planning & Development Director